Guideline for Reference

References, Footnotes and Layout

The text must contain appropriate headings, subheadings and authoritative footnotes. The footnotes should be numbered consecutively and typed single spaced at the bottom of each relevant page. Citations conform generally to a Uniform System of Citation. Thus the style should be as follows:

Journal Articles: Single Author

Antonio Cassese, 'The *Nicaragua* and *Tadić* Tests Revisited in the Light of the ICJ Judgment on Genocide in Bosnia' (2007) 18 *European Journal of International Law* 649, 651. [Here, the pinpoint reference is to page 651 which is preceded by the starting page 649 and a comma and space.]

Journal Articles: Multiple Authors

Taslima Monsoor and Raihanah Abdullah, 'Maintenance to Muslim Women in Bangladesh and Malaysia: Is the Judiciary Doing Enough?' (2010) 21(2) *Dhaka University Law Journal* 39, 47. [Note: honorific titles (and initials) are omitted. However, M, Md, Mohd and any other abbreviated form of Mohammad which are part of author's name should not be removed. 21 is the volume and 2 is the issue no of the journal. 2010 is the publishing year. Year should be placed in square brackets [] for journals that do not have volume number.]

Books: Single Author

Shahnaz Huda, *A Child of One's Own: Study on Withdrawal of Reservation to Article 21 of the Child Rights Convention and Reviewing the Issues of Adoption/fosterage/ kafalah in the Context of Bangladesh* (Bangladesh Shishu Adhikar Forum, 2008) 187. [Note: here 187 is the pinpoint reference. This reference is from the first edition of the book. In the case of editions later than the first, the edition number should be included after the publisher's name. It should appear as: 3rd ed]

John Finnis, *Natural Law and Natural Rights*, (Oxford University Press, 2nd ed, 2011) ch 4. [Here, a broad reference is made to chapter 4 of the book.]

Books: Multiple Authors

Richard Nobles and David Schiff, A Sociology of Jurisprudence (Hart Publishing, 2006) 49.

Paul Rishworth et al, *The New Zealand Bill of Rights* (Oxford University Press, 2003). [Note: when there are more than three authors, only first author's name should appear and 'et al' should be used instead of remaining authors' names.]

Books: Edited

Tom Ginsburg (ed), *Comparative Constitutional Design* (Cambridge University Press, 2012). [Note: where there are more than one editor, '(eds)' should be used instead of '(ed)'.]

Chapters in Edited Books

Jon Elster, 'Clearing and Strengthening the Channels of Constitution Making' in Tom Ginsburg (ed), *Comparative Constitutional Design* (Cambridge 'iniversity Press, 2012) 15, 18.

Books: Corporate Author

McGill Law Journal, Canadian Guide to Uniform Legal Citation (Carswell, 7th ed, 2010).

American Psychological Association, *Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association* (6th ed, 2010) 176. [Note: a publisher's name should *not* be included where the publisher's and the author's names are the same.]

World Bank, Gender and development in the Middle East and North Africa: women in the public sphere (2004).

Theses

Naim Ahmed, Litigating in the Name of the People: Stresses and Strains of the Development of Public Interest Litigation in Bangladesh (PhD thesis, SOAS, 1998).

Working Paper, Conference Paper, and Similar Documents

Jens Tapking and Jing Yang, 'Horizontal and Vertical Integration in Securities Trading and Settlement' (Working Paper No 245, Bank of England, 2004) 11–12.

James E Fleming, 'Successful Failures of the American Constitution' (Paper presented at Conference on The Limits of Constitutional Democracy, Princeton University, 14-16 February 2007) 13.

Newspaper

Stephen Howard and Billy Briggs, 'Law Lords Back School's Ban on Islamic Dress', *The Herald* (Glasgow), 23 March 2006, 7.

Imtiaz Omar and Zakir Hossain, 'Coup d' etat, constitution and legal continuity', *The Daily Star* (online), 24 September 2005 http://archive.thedailystar.net/law/2005/09/04/alter.htm accessed 9 March 2014.

Internet Materials

International Whaling Commission, *Extending the Global Whale Entanglement Response Network* (28 January 2014) http://iwc.int/extending-the-global-whale-entanglement-response-n accessed 9 March 2014. [Note: here the date within parentheses is the last date of update of the web page, and the date after the URL is the date of last access.]

Cases

A (FC) v Secretary of State for the Home Department [2004] UKHL 56.

Additional District Magistrate, Jabalpur v Shivakant Shukla AIR 1976 SC 11207.

A T Mridha v State (1973) 25 DLR (HCD) 335, 339. [Here, the case is reported on page 335, and the pinpoint is to page 339. Full stops should not be used in abbreviations.]

Bangladesh Environmental Lawyers Association (BELA) v Bangladesh [1999] Writ Petition No 4098 of 1999 (pending). [Note: '& others,' '& another' should be omitted.]

Shahida Mohiuddin v Bangladesh [2001] Writ Petition No 530 of 2001 (unreported).

Parallel citations should not be used in citations of Bangladeshi cases. But in citations of United Kingdom Nominate Reports and early US Supreme Court decisions, parallel citations are used.

Statutes (Acts of Parliament)

Evidence Act 1872, s 2. [Note: 'The' should not precede the name of the statute, and comma (,) should not be used before the year]

Evidence Act 2006, s 15 (New Zealand). [Note: when necessary, give jurisdiction in parentheses to avoid confusion.]

Delegated Legislation

Family Courts Rules 1985, r 5.

Financial Institutions Regulations 1994, reg 3.

Abbreviations should be written out in full when they appear first in the text or form the first word in a sentence. Leave out full stops in abbreviations made up of capitals as, for example, SEC, HCD, and JATI.

The abbreviation 'Ibid' should be used to repeat a citation in the immediately preceding footnote. Standing alone, 'Ibid' means strictly 'in the very same place' while 'Ibid, 231' means 'in the same work, but this time at page 231.' Avoid the use of 'Latin gadgets' such as *supra*, *infra*, *ante*, *Id*, *op cit*, *loc cit*, and *contra*, which are not widely understood. For cross reference and other purposes, following introductory signals can be used: See; See, eg.; See also; See especially; See generally; Cf; But see; See above/below n.

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